

Abstract Algebra II

Exercise Set 2: Group Actions and Sylow

Group actions

Question 1. For the given groups and sets, show that α is a group action:

- $G = (\mathbb{Z}, +)$, $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$, and $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = 1 \cdot x$;
- $G = S_4$, $X = S_4$, and $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = gx$;
- $G = S_4$, $X = S_4$, and $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = xg$;
- $G = S_n$, for any $n > 2$, $X = \{0, 1\}$, and

$$\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = \begin{cases} x, & g \text{ even,} \\ x + 1 \pmod{2}, & g \text{ odd} \end{cases}$$

($0 + 1 \equiv 1 \pmod{2}$ and $1 + 1 \equiv 0 \pmod{2}$, so even permutations preserve x and odd permutations swap 1 and 2);

- $G = D_{2 \cdot 5}$, $X = G$, $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = gxg^{-1}$;
- $G = D_{2 \cdot 5}$, $X = G$, $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = gxg^{-1}$;

Question 2. Find all orbits of the following group actions:

- $G = (\mathbb{Z}, +)$, $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$, and $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = 1 \cdot x$;
- $G = S_4$, $X = S_4$, and $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = gx$;
- $G = S_n$, for any $n > 2$, $X = \{0, 1\}$, and

$$\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = \begin{cases} x, & g \text{ even,} \\ x + 1 \pmod{2}, & g \text{ odd.} \end{cases}$$

- $G = S_4$, $X = \{A, B, C, D\}$, and $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = 1 \cdot g(x)$ (for example, if $g = (A, B, C)$ and $x = B$ then $g(x) = C$, as g sends B to C);
- $G = \mathbb{Z}_{16} \times \mathbb{Z}_{12}$, $X = G$, and $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = gxg^{-1}$.

Question 3. Find the stabiliser of the following elements under the group actions:

- $\text{Stab}(2)$, where $G = (\mathbb{Z}, +)$, $X = \{1, 2, 3\}$, and $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = 1 \cdot x$;
- $\text{Stab}((12)(34))$, where $G = S_4$, $X = S_4$, and $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = gx$;
- $\text{Stab}(1)$, where $G = S_n$, for any $n > 2$, $X = \{0, 1\}$, and

$$\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = \begin{cases} x, & g \text{ even,} \\ x + 1 \pmod{2}, & g \text{ odd.} \end{cases}$$

- $\text{Stab}(C)$, where $G = S_4$, $X = \{A, B, C, D\}$, and $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = 1 \cdot g(x)$;
- $\text{Stab}((3, 5))$, where $G = \mathbb{Z}_{16} \times \mathbb{Z}_{12}$, $X = G$, and $\alpha : G \times X \rightarrow X : (g, x) = gxg^{-1}$.

Question 4. For the previous two questions verify the orbit stabiliser theorem. That is, for the stabiliser of an element x , consider the corresponding orbit and compare the sizes of the orbit, stabiliser, and group.

Question 5. Determine how many p -Sylow subgroups there are in the following groups:

- $G = \mathbb{Z}_4$;
- $G = \mathbb{Z}_6$;
- $G = \mathbb{Z}_{12}$;
- $G = V_4$, the Klein-4 group;
- $G = S_3$;
- $G = D_{2,3}$, the dihedral group of a regular triangle;
- $G = D_{2,4}$, the dihedral group of a square.

Question 6. Find all the p -Sylow subgroups of the following groups:

- $G = \mathbb{Z}_5$;
- $G = \mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$ (the Klein-4 group);
- $G = D_{2,5}$;
- $G = A_4$.

Question 7. Find the conjugacy classes of all p -Sylow subgroups of the following groups:

- $G = \mathbb{Z}_5$;
- $G = \mathbb{Z}_2 \times \mathbb{Z}_2$ (the Klein-4 group);
- $G = D_{2,5}$;
- $G = A_4$.